

Safeguarding Policy & Procedure

Policy Statement

St Edmund's College carries out various activities that may bring its junior members, fellows and senior members, staff and others working on behalf of the College into contact with children and adults at risk. These activities through its teaching and research activities, as well as its conferencing and event provisions, including summer schools.

The term safeguarding is used to define actions taken to protect vulnerable groups from harm. This harm might come from adults or children and it is important for all members of the College to understand what safeguarding is and why it is important.

The College is committed to the creation and maintenance of a safe and welcoming environment and aims to adopt the highest standards and take all reasonable steps in relation to the safety and welfare of children and adults at risk. To achieve this aim, this policy does not discourage any of these activities in any way. but aims to support them and to offer assurances to those engaged in the work of the College that, through its implementation, the College seeks to protect children and adults at risk and keep them safe from harm when in contact with the College's employees, fellows and senior members, volunteers, students and representatives (whether acting in a paid or unpaid capacity), whilst safeguarding the interests of those in these positions.

Contents **Policy Statement** I ١. Application & Scope 2 2. Policy Aims 2 3. **Definitions** 2 4. **Roles** 4 5. Regulated Activities - Risk Assessment 5 6. Recruitment and Disclosure and Debarring Service (DBS) checks 5 7. Raising a Concern or Allegation of Abuse 6 8. Relevant Legislation 6 Annex I - Procedure for dealing with suspicions or allegations of abuse 7 Annex 2 – Role of Designated Safeguarding Officer (and their Deputy when required) Annex 3 - Guidance for those acting on behalf of the College carrying out activities involving children or adults at risk

Version No: 4	Version Date: June 2	2025 Police	y Owner: Bursar	Page Nr.: I

I. Application & Scope

The College's Fellows and senior members, employees, workers, volunteers, students and anyone working on behalf of the College (in a paid or unpaid capacity) are subject to this policy.

The policy covers all events and activities organised by those working on behalf of or representing the College, as well as official events and activities organised by its students. Such activities include open days, applicant visits and interviews, the interactions between students and the College Nurse and visits from members of the public.

It is expected that external bodies using the College's premises or facilities for external events will have their own safeguarding policies and procedures in place and will take full responsibility for the safeguarding of individuals involved in any related activities.

The policy includes a Procedure (Annex I) which should be followed in any case where a concern or allegation of abuse or other safeguarding issue has been raised.

2. Policy Aims

This policy seeks to:

- a) promote and prioritise the safety and wellbeing of everyone affected by the College's activities, particularly children and adults who may be at risk;
- b) raise awareness that everyone who comes into contact with children/adults at risk (and their families) has a role to play.
- ensure that roles and responsibilities are made clear in respect of safeguarding matters and that an
 appropriate level of information, training and support is provided to those within the College for whom it is
 necessary;
- d) offer assurances to staff, students, parents, carers, volunteers and visitors that safeguarding concerns will be dealt with effectively and in a timely manner, in accordance with a defined procedure;
- e) prevent the employment of individuals to specified positions where these involve working with children or adults at risk where they have been barred by the Disclosure and Barring Service (DBS) or are deemed by the College to pose an unacceptable risk;
- f) Ensure, with reference to the Procedure included at Annex I, that appropriate action is taken in the event of any allegations or suspicions regarding harm to children or adults at risk arising from contact with College staff, students, apprentices or volunteers, whether the harm has taken place on College premises or not.
- manage effectively the risks associated with activities and events involving children and adults at risk, including providing guidance to those carrying out such activities (Annex 3)

3. Definitions

- **Safeguarding:** describes arrangements in place to protect children and adults at risk in vulnerable circumstances from abuse or neglect.
- Child / Children: For this policy's purposes, a 'child' refers to anyone under the age of 18 and therefore not legally an independent adult. Particular care should be afforded to a child under the age of 16.
- Adult at Risk: The term 'adult at risk' is used in this policy to replace the term 'vulnerable adult'. The definition of regulated activity for adults changed in 2012 and now identifies activities, which, if provided to any person aged 18 or over (an adult) who needs to engage in that activity, will mean that the adult will be considered at risk at that particular time. It is therefore the activity and the need for it, rather than the setting

Version No: 4	Version Date: June 2025	Policy Owner: Bursar	Page Nr.: 2
VC 3 0 NO. T	Version Date. June 2023	i olicy owner. Bursar	I age I vi 🚣

or the adult's particular personal characteristics, which determines whether an adult is at risk at any given time. These activities are summarized below.

• **Abuse:** can be physical, sexual, psychological/emotional, financial/material or professional. It can also arise from neglect.

• Regulated activities related to children:

- Regulated activities are those activities which people who have been barred by the DBS are prohibited from undertaking.
- A regulated activity in relation to children comprises:
 - (a) unsupervised activities: teaching, training, instructing, caring for or supervising, or providing advice/guidance on wellbeing, provide personal care, or driving a vehicle only for children;
 - (b) working for a limited range of establishments, with opportunity for contact e.g. schools, children's homes, childcare premises;
 - (c) Relevant personal care; or
 - (d) Registered childminding; and foster-carers.
- Work under (a) or (b) is considered regulated activity only if done regularly.
- No roles are considered to involve engaging in regulated activity with children under 18 regularly as defined by the relevant legislation as St Edmund's is a mature College and children under 18 will either be accompanied by a responsible adult or as part of a summer school whereby they are under the supervision of the school.
- St Edmund's College Officers and Staff are not considered to engage in regulated activity with children under 18 regularly as defined by the relevant legislation.

Full definitions of regulated activity in relation to children, including definitions of regularity, are included in published government documentation.

• Regulated activity in relation to adults at risk:

- Regulated activity in relation to adults identifies activities provided to any adult which, if any adult requires them, will mean that the adult will be considered at risk at that particular time. There is no longer a requirement for a person to carry out regulated activities a certain number of times before they are deemed to be engaging in regulated activity in relation to adults. Any time a person engages in one or more of the activities set out below in relation to any adult, they are deemed to be engaging in regulated activity and that adult is deemed to be at risk at that time:
 - (a) Providing health care (whether physical or mental, including palliative) provision by any health care professional who is regulated by General Medical Council, General Dental Council, Nursing and Midwifery Council, Health Professions Council.
 - (b) Providing psychotherapy and counselling which is related to health care the adult is receiving from, or under the direction or supervision of a health care professional.
 - (c) Providing first aid, when any person administering it is doing so on behalf of an organisation established for the purpose of providing first aid (e.g. Red Cross).
 - (d) Providing personal care as a result of physical or mental illness, including physical assistance with eating or drinking, going to the toilet, washing, bathing, dressing etc., or supervising, training or

providing advice/guidance to an adult to undertake these activities themselves where they cannot make the decision to do so unprompted.

- (e) Providing social work.
- (f) Assisting with general household matters (e.g. managing a person's money, paying their bills, shopping on their behalf).
- (g) Assisting in the conduct of a person's affairs (e.g. undertaking lasting or enduring power of attorney for an adult under the Mental Capacity Act 2005, being an independent mental health advocate etc.).
- (h) Conveying (e.g. driving a person specifically for the purpose of conveying them to and from places to receive care as detailed above).
- The role of the College's Nurse is considered to involve engaging in regulated activity with adults as
 defined by the relevant legislation.
- The roles of the College's Tutors (including the Senior Tutor), Directors of Studies and Supervisors are
 not considered to involve engaging in regulated activity with adults as defined by the relevant legislation.

Full definitions of regulated activity in relation to adults are included in published government documentation.

4. Roles

Designated Safeguarding Officer (and their Deputy)

The Bursar is the College's Designated Safeguarding Officer and takes overall ownership of this Policy and will promote the importance of safeguarding within the College. The Director of Student Wellbeing is the nominated Designated Safeguarding Deputy and shall fulfil the functions of the Designated Safeguarding Officer where they are not available.

Whilst the activities of the Designated Safeguarding Officer can be delegated to appropriately trained deputies, the ultimate lead responsibility for safeguarding and child protection, as set out above, remains with the Designated Safeguarding Officer. This responsibility cannot be delegated. In the event that the Designated Safeguarding Officer or their deputy are unavailable, other officers will be identified to ensure a continuous provision of safeguarding oversight. A full summary of the responsibilities of the Safeguarding Officer is outlined in Annex 2.

Given the complexity of safeguarding matters, it is essential that any concerns are reported to the Designated Safeguarding Officer to ensure that one person has access to all the relevant information. This is particularly important where a number of seemingly minor issues may collectively give rise to a more substantial concern.

In the unlikely event that a complaint or accusation is made about the Designated Safeguarding Officer, this will be considered independently by the Senior Tutor.

Heads of Department

Each Head of Department is accountable for the adoption and implementation of this policy and for promoting safeguarding within their Department.

Heads of Department also have the following, specific responsibilities:-

a) To ensure that any employee, worker, Fellow or senior member, volunteer, or student working on behalf of the College within their area is made aware of the existence of this policy and asked to familiarise themselves with the contents as part of their induction.

Version No: 4	Version Date: June 2025	Policy Owner: Bursar	Page Nr.: 4

- b) To ensure that any employee, worker, Fellow or senior member, volunteer, or student working on behalf of the College within their area who engages in a regulated activity completes safeguarding training, together with any additional training that may have been identified by any relevant risk assessment processes, and is familiar with the guidance set out at Annex 3.
- c) To ensure, liaising with the HR Manager, that the College records and monitors the safeguarding training undertaken by those working on behalf of the College in their area.
- d) To ensure that the HR Manager is informed where recruitment to any specific role requires DBS checking in accordance with the policy (see section 6 below).
- e) Where regulated activities are planned in their area:
 - To retain oversight for those activities;
 - To take steps to ensure that occasions upon which those engaged in regulated activities work alone and/or unsupervised are kept to an absolute minimum;
 - To ensure that they are appropriately risk assessed (see section 5 below);
 - To ensure that children and adults engaged in regulated activities are given clear information about how, and to whom, they can report any safeguarding concerns.

5. Regulated Activities - Risk Assessment

It is the responsibility of the Head of each College Department to ensure:

- a) that a risk assessment is undertaken for regulated activities within their area (the assessment should consider how the risks identified can be minimised or eliminated, outline the local processes for reporting concerns, take account of health and safety considerations and record training requirements);
- b) that completed risk assessments are made available to employees, Fellows, workers, volunteers or students who are involved in the activity; and
- c) that the implementation and review of actions identified within a risk assessment is undertaken in a timely manner.

6. Recruitment and Disclosure and Debarring Service (DBS) checks

Standardly, a DBS check will be undertaken when recruiting to the roles of Nurse. The Designated Safeguarding Officer may from time to time add further roles to those which will require a DBS check.

The College will undertake additional pre-employment checks where necessary as part of its safeguarding duty, including checking the accreditation of anyone employed by the College as a healthcare or psychotherapy professional such as a Nurse. References from recent previous employers will also be sought.

It is the responsibility of the Head of Department to:

- a) Inform the HR Manager when a DBS check is required for a role which is to be recruited to, so that the correct documentation can be used as part of the recruitment process;
- b) Discuss with the HR Manager if uncertain whether a check is required to ensure appropriate checks are carried out.

In liaison with the relevant authorities, the Safeguarding Officer will refer someone to the DBS if they:

a) Have had their employment with the College terminated because they harmed someone;

Version No: 4	Version Date: J	une 2025	Policy Owner	r: Bursar	Page Nr.: 5	5
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- b) Have had their employment with the College terminated or job role limited because they might have harmed someone; or
- c) Would have had their employment with the College terminated for either of these reasons, but they resigned first.

7. Raising a Concern or Allegation of Abuse

Any person involved in the work of the College (Fellows, employees, workers, volunteers, students or anyone working on behalf of the College in a paid or unpaid capacity) can raise a concern or allegation of abuse by speaking to their line manager/Tutor or any senior member of the College who will escalate matters to the Safeguarding Officer as a matter of course. Concerns or allegations can also be made directly to the Safeguarding Officer.

8. Relevant Legislation

The following legislation is relevant to this policy because it has influenced its introduction and/or its content:

- a) Health and Safety at Work Act 1974
- b) Rehabilitation of Offenders Act 1974
- c) Rehabilitation of Offenders Act 1974 (Exceptions) Order 1975
- d) Children Act 1989
- e) The Police Act 1997
- f) Protection of Children Act 1999
- g) Management of Health and Safety at Work Regulations 1999
- h) The Human Rights Act 1998
- i) Sexual Offences Act 2003
- i) The Children Act 2004
- k) Safeguarding Vulnerable Groups Act 2006 (as amended by Protection of Freedoms Act 2012)
- I) Equality Act 2010
- m) Education Act 2011
- n) The Counter-Terrorism and Security Act 2015
- o) General Data Protection Regulation 2018

The Protection of Freedoms Act 2012 is of particular importance as all decisions made to bar individuals from working with children or adults at risk are now made by the Disclosure and Barring Service (DBS) under this legislation.

Annex I - Procedure for dealing with suspicions or allegations of abuse

Those working with children and engaged in regulated activities may:

- a) have alleged abuse disclosed to them;
- b) suspect abuse is being carried out; or
- c) be accused of abusing those in their charge.

Whilst these issues may require very different courses of action, it is essential that the safety and welfare of the child or adult at risk is prioritised.

The Designated Safeguarding Officer has responsibility for ensuring that they (or a nominated deputy) are available during normal working hours to respond to allegations without delay, and for procedures to be in place should issues arise outside of normal working hours.

In the event there is a risk of immediate serious harm to a child or adult at risk, the emergency services should be contacted via 999 without delay. Anybody can make a referral in these circumstances. The Designated Safeguarding Officer should then be notified of the case.

Where a child or adult at risk discloses alleged abuse, or a member of the College suspects abuse which is not deemed to be an emergency, this should be referred immediately to the Designated Safeguarding Officer who will consider what action is required. A referral should be made even where concerns are seemingly minor; in some instances it is a pattern or range of minor incidents which, when taken together, amount to a more significant concern requiring investigation. It is therefore vital that the Designated Safeguarding Officer is privy to all concerns as they arise. Tutors and Directors of Studies should be aware that they may be required to attend any meeting at which any safeguarding concern pertaining to any of their students is to be discussed.

Appropriate records will be retained by the Designated Safeguarding Officer in accordance with the College's Data Protection Policy. Where the matter relates to both staff and students, the Designated Safeguarding Officer will determine where the file should be kept.

In consultation with the Master, Senior Tutor and HR Manager the Designated Safeguarding Officer will be responsible for contacting any statutory agencies such as the Local Safeguarding Children Board (LSCB)[†] or the Police, if necessary. The Designated Safeguarding Officer will also have responsibility for fulfilling any legal obligations to report an individual to the DBS.

The College is not expected and should not attempt to investigate suspicions of abuse independently.

Where a suspicion needs to be investigated by the relevant authority, it may be necessary for the College to do one or more of the following:

- a) move the victim of an alleged safeguarding breach to a safe place;
- b) suspend the individual(s) about whom an allegation or suspicion has arisen;
- c) prevent the individual(s) about whom an allegation or suspicion has arisen from engaging in any regulated activities.

Serious safeguarding breaches may constitute gross misconduct under the College's disciplinary policy and may lead to summary dismissal.

¹ See: http://cambridgeshirescb.proceduresonline.com/chapters/p_man_alleg.html

Version No: 4	Version Date: June 2025	Policy Owner: Bursar	Page Nr.: 7

Annex 2 – Role of Designated Safeguarding Officer (and their Deputy when required)

This role description should be read in conjunction with the College's Safeguarding Policy.

Overview

The Designated Safeguarding Officer, or deputy, should always be available to discuss any immediate safeguarding concerns. The Designated Safeguarding Officer and deputy should undergo training to provide them with the knowledge and skills required to carry out the role. The training should be updated every two years.

In addition to their formal training, their knowledge and skills should be updated (for example via e-bulletins, meeting other designated safeguarding leads, or taking time to read and digest safeguarding developments), at regular intervals, and at least annually, to keep up with any developments relevant to their role.

Specific Responsibilities

I. To raise awareness and ensure implementation of this Policy by:

- a) Promoting the Children and Adult at Risk Safeguarding Policy, both within HR and to departments.
- b) Reviewing on a regular basis the activities of the College involving children or adults at risk;
- c) acting as a senior strategic figurehead for Safeguarding issues at the College;
- d) ensuring that the Safeguarding Policy is implemented, and promulgated;
- e) ensuring regular review of the Safeguarding Policy, at least annually, including making recommendations for the amendment of the Policy in line with changes to legislation, when required.
- f) working with the HR Manager to ensure that adequate training is available for staff on safeguarding.

2. To manage referrals by:

- a) advising and taking appropriate action in accordance with the relevant Procedure in the event that allegations of abuse are made in the contexts set out in the policy;
- b) Providing appropriate information when making referrals to external agencies (such as Social Services, the DBS or the Police) in all cases of suspected abuse of children or adults at risk
- c) Ensuring that appropriate records are kept in relation to the reporting of any safeguarding incidents in line with the College's policy on data protection and retention;
- d) ensuring that those involved in any case are appropriately supported.

3. To undertake and promote appropriate training by:

- a) engaging in appropriate and regular training to ensure that knowledge is kept up to date;
- b) ensuring that appropriate information and training are available to members of the College who in the nature of their role will come into contact with adults at risk and children.

4. To report by:

a) Reporting annually to the College Council / Governing Body on matters concerning the protection of children and adults at risk and on the operation of the College's Safeguarding Policy.

Version No: 4	Version Date: June 2025	Policy Owner: Bursar	Paga Nin . 0
version ino: 4	Version Date: June 2025	Policy Owner: Bursar	Page Nr.: 8

Annex 3 – Guidance for those acting on behalf of the College carrying out activities involving children or adults at risk

This guidance should be read in conjunction with the College's Safeguarding Policy.

General considerations

If you are acting in a position of trust with children or adults at risk, you are expected to be mindful that you are acting as a role model and therefore should behave accordingly.

Care should be taken to ensure that your conduct is appropriate to each circumstance and environment as well-intentioned actions can be misinterpreted.

All regulated activities should have undergone a risk assessment process, and you should have a copy of the relevant risk assessment which will identify the person to whom any concerns should be addressed promptly.

In your role you may become aware of, or suspect another person of abusing a child or adult at risk or they may disclose an allegation of abuse to you. You should raise any concerns with your Head of Department without delay or, where this is not possible, the Safeguarding Officer should be notified directly.

Allegations of inappropriate behaviour may also be made against you, and such allegations will need to be investigated, and may result in referral to external agencies.

Safeguarding of children and adults at risk

You should:

- a) Treat everyone within the College community with respect;
- b) Provide an example of good conduct you with others to follow;
- c) Ensure you have completed any required training and that you know what you should do if a child or adult at risk makes a disclosure to you;
- d) Ensure you are familiar with any relevant risk assessment(s) and understand who the key contact is for the activity you are engaged in;
- e) Give due regard to cultural difference;
- f) Be alert to and tackle inappropriate behaviour in others, including peer-to-peer behaviours. Abusive behaviour such as bullying (including cyber-bullying), ridiculing or aggression should not go unchallenged;
- g) If you have to give feedback, take care that it is not unnecessarily negative;
- h) Avoid being in a situation where you are alone with a child and make sure that others can clearly observe you;
- i) Take care that your language is not open to sexual connotation;
- j) Report any suspicions promptly and confidentially to your Head of Department, or in the event that the suspicions/allegations involve that person or they are unavailable, to the Safeguarding Officer;
- k) Deal with information sensitively and be aware that special caution may be required in moments when discussing sensitive issues with children and adults at risk.

You should not:

a) Engage in, or allow, any form of unnecessary physical contact. This would include doing personal things for a child or an adult at risk that they can do for themselves. Where the person is disabled, tasks should only be carried out with the full consent of the individual, (or their parent);

Version No: 4 Version Date: June 2025 Policy Owner: Bursar Page Nr.	r.: 9
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- b) Use inappropriate language, or allow others to use it without challenging it;
- c) Allow yourself to be drawn into inappropriate attention-seeking behaviour;
- d) Show favouritism to any individual;
- e) Rely on the College's good name to protect you;
- f) Engage in any physical sexual relationship with a person to whom you are in a position of trust, even if they give their consent;
- g) Give your personal contact details (such as personal phone number, home address, email, Skype address or other communication routes) to a child or adult at risk, or use any unofficial route to communicate with a child or adult at risk;
- h) Interact in a personal capacity with children or adults at risk outside of the regulated activity, including through any form of social media, for example, by becoming 'friends' on Facebook;
- i) Allow allegations of inappropriate behaviour to go unchallenged, recorded or acted on;
- j) Allow personal preconceptions about people to prevent appropriate action being taken;
- k) Accept gifts which could in anyway be considered a bribe or inducement to enter into a relationship or give rise to an allegation of improper conduct against you;
- l) Take photographs, or make other recordings of at children or adults at risk without specific written consent of the individual, or someone with parental responsibility for that individual.

You should seek advice from your Head of Department if:

- a) You suspect a relationship is developing which may be an abuse of trust;
- b) You are worried that a child or adult at risk is becoming attracted to you or a colleague;
- c) You think a child or adult at risk has misinterpreted something you have done or said;
- d) You have had to physically restrain a child or adult at risk to prevent them from harming themselves, another person or causing significant damage to property;
- e) A child or adult at risk tells you that they are being abused, or describes experiences that you consider may be abuse:
- f) You see suspicious or unexplained marks on a child or adult at risk or witness behaviours which are unusual or inappropriate.

Dealing with disclosures of allegations, or suspicions, of inappropriate behaviour

- a) Consider the urgency of the situation: in the event there is a risk of immediate serious harm to a child or adult at risk, the emergency services should be contacted via 999. Anybody can make a referral in these circumstances. The Designated Safeguarding Officer should then be notified of the case and will need to determine whether to refer serious cases to the relevant authorities within one working day;
- b) Remain calm, avoid expressions of anger or upset and ensure that the person knows you are taking them seriously. Reassure them that they are right to have told someone, but do not touch them (for example by putting an arm round them);
- c) DO NOT try to investigate or act on the matter yourself: doing so may seriously compromise an investigation by the relevant authorities. You need only clarify what is being said to you (in order to establish that there is a suspicion of harm), and then refer the matter to the appropriate individual as set out in the policy;
- d) Be supportive but DO NOT promise confidentiality. A duty of care obligates the College to act on information

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where a safeguarding issue has been identified and this takes precedence over the need for confidentiality. Explain that, in order that the allegation can be addressed you will have to talk to other people about it. Explain who you will talk to;

- e) Avoid 'leading' questions, or expressing a view about what you have been told;
- f) Use clear language, appropriate to the person you are dealing with;
- g) Do not talk to anyone else about the matter within your Department; if you need to seek support for yourself you should speak to your Head of Department or the Designated Safeguarding Officer;
- h) Write down what you have been told as soon as possible. In all events this must be done on the same day but this should not delay prompt action. Write down exactly what was said in the person's own words as far as possible, include the time, place, and as much detail as you can remember, but ensure that the note is as factual as possible and avoid assumption, speculation or opinion. Sign and date the note. Bear in mind that the note will be disclosable to both internal and external agencies.

Version No: 4 Version Date: June 2025	Policy Owner: Bursar Page Nr.: 11
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